In the Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method to evaluate the presence of high levels of autoantibodies against endothelial <u>protein C (PC)</u> / activated PC receptor (EPCR) in a sample, <u>said method</u> characterised by comprising <u>quantifying the in vitro quantification of</u> autoantibodies against EPCR in said sample from a subject.
- 2. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 1, eharacterised by wherein said presence of high levels of autoantibodies against EPCR being related to a pathology selected from the group consisting of autoimmune disease, vascular disease and obstetric complications.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claim claims 1 or 2, characterised in that wherein said autoimmune disease is selected from the group consisting of antiphospholipid syndrome, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and autoimmune vasculitis.
- 4. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claim claims 1 or 2, characterised in that wherein said vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of arterial vascular disease, venous vascular disease and thrombosis of the microcirculation.
- 5. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 4, eharacterised in that wherein said vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of myocardial infarction, cerebral stroke, a transient cerebrovascular accident, limb ischemia, atherosclerosis, aneurysm, thrombosis, superficial venous thrombosis, deep venous thrombosis, and pulmonary embolism.
- 6. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claim claims 1 or 2, characterised in that wherein said obstetric complication is selected from the group consisting of miscarriage, fetal death, premature birth, delayed intrauterine growth, eclampsia and pre-eclampsia.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 1 to 6, characterised in that wherein said the mentioned sample comprises is a sample of serum or plasma.
- 8. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 1 to 7, characterised in that wherein said the mentioned subject is human.

- 9. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 1 to 8, characterised in that wherein quantification of these anti-EPCR autoantibodies against EPCR is carried out by means of an immunoassay coupled to a marker.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 1 to 9, characterised in that wherein quantification of these anti-EPCR autoantibodies against EPCR is determined using carried out by means of an ELISA test, said test comprising:
 - a) <u>immobilizing</u> solid support immobilization of an <u>immobilizable</u> polypeptide comprising the EPCR amino acid sequence or a fragment thereof containing at least one epitope that can be recognized by an anti-EPCR autoantibody <u>on a solid support;</u>
 - b) incubation of incubating the immobilized polypeptide with the [[a]] sample suspected to contain anti-EPCR autoantibodies, obtained from the subject[[,]] for sufficient time to allow binding of the anti-EPCR autoantibodies to the immobilized polypeptide, and the formation of polypeptide-anti-EPCR autoantibody complexes;
 - c) removal of the removing excess remaining sample not bound to the immobilized polypeptide; and
 - d) incubation of incubating the polypeptide-anti-EPCR autoantibody complexes with a second antibody conjugated to an enzyme, where the second antibody is able to bind to the these anti-EPCR autoantibodies.
- 11. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 10, characterised in that wherein the mentioned said immobilizable polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of between:
 - a) a polypeptide comprising the sequence of amino acids of full length EPCR; and
 - b) a polypeptide comprising the sequence of amino acids of a fragment of EPCR containing at least one epitope capable of being recognized by an anti-EPCR <u>auto</u>antibody.
- 12. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims 1 to claim 11, characterised in that wherein said immobilizable polypeptide comprises is a fusion protein comprising:
 - a) a region A composed of comprising a <u>first</u> polypeptide containing the EPCR amino acid sequence or a fragment thereof containing at least one epitope capable of being recognized by an anti-EPCR <u>auto</u>antibody; and
 - b) a region B composed of comprising a second polypeptide comprising a sequence of amino acids of use for isolating or purifying the mentioned fusion protein, and/or a sequence of amino acids of use for anchoring the mentioned fusion protein to a solid support.

- 13. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 12, (Currently Amended) said region B is bound to the amino terminal extreme of region A.
- 14. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 12, characterised in that wherein said region B is bound to the carboxyl terminal extreme of region A.
- 15. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 12 to 14, characterised in that wherein said region A comprises the amino acid sequence of the soluble part of human EPCR.
- 16. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 12 to 14, in which wherein the amino acid sequence of use for isolating or purifying the mentioned fusion protein, and/or an amino acid sequence of use for anchoring said fusion protein to a solid support present in region B, comprises a sequence of amino acids selected from the group consisting of Arg-tag, His-tag, FLAG-tag, Strep-tag, an epitope capable of being recognized by antibody, SBP-tag, S-tag, calmodulin binding peptide, cellulose binding domain, chitin binding domain, glutathione S-transferase-tag, maltose binding protein, NusA, TrxA, DsbA, Avi-tag, Ala-His-Gly-His-Arg-Pro (SEQ ID NO: 4) (2, 4, and 8 copies), Pro-Ile-His-Asp-His-Asp-His-Pro-His-Leu-Val-Ile-His-Ser (SEQ ID NO: 5), Gly-Met-Thr-Cys-X-X-Cys (SEQ ID NO: 6) (6 repetitions), □-galactosidase and VSV-glycoprotein.
- 17. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 12 to 16, characterised in that wherein region B comprises is composed of a polypeptide comprising a c-myc epitope capable of being recognized by an anti-c-myc antibody and a tail of histidines (His-tag).
- 18. (Currently Amended) Method according to any-of-claims claim 12 to 17, characterised in that wherein said immobilizable polypeptide is a fusion protein comprising the sequence of amino acids of the soluble part of human EPCR, the sequence of amino acids corresponding to c-myc epitope and a tail of histidines (His-tag).
- 19. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 12 to 18, characterised in that wherein said immobilizable polypeptide is a fusion protein whose sequence of amino acids is shown in comprising SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 20. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 10, characterised in that wherein said second antibody is an immunoglobulin isotype-specific antibody originating from a species different to that of the subject whose sample is being tested.

- 21. (Currently Amended) Method according to claims 10 or claim 20, characterised in that wherein said second immunoglobulin isotype-specific antibody is selected from the group consisting of an anti-human IgG antibody, an anti-human IgM antibody, an anti-human IgA antibody, and their mixtures.
- 22. (Currently Amended) Method according to any of claims claim 20 or 21, characterised in that wherein said second antibody is conjugated to an enzyme selected from between peroxidase or and alkaline phosphatase.
- 23. (Currently Amended) Method according to any-of claims claim 1 to 22, characterised in that it moreover comprises further comprising the comparison of comparing quantified anti-EPCR autoantibody levels determined in the sample from the subject versus to normal levels of anti-EPCR autoantibody levels.
- 24. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in determining wherein the variation in the levels of anti-EPCR autoantibodies are quantified over a given time period.
- 25. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 24, eharacterised in that wherein said sample originates from a subject previously diagnosed with an autoimmune or vascular disease, or who has suffered an obstetric complication, and is subject to therapeutic treatment.

26.-33. (Cancelled)

- 34. (Currently Amended) A kit for *in vitro* evaluation of the presence of high levels of autoantibodies against EPCR in a sample, characterised in that said kit comprises comprising an immobilizable polypeptide that comprises the EPCR amino acid sequence or a fragment thereof containing at least one epitope capable of being recognized by an anti-EPCR autoantibody.
- 35. (Currently Amended) [[A]] <u>The</u> kit according to claim 34, characterised in that <u>wherein</u> said <u>immobilizable</u> polypeptide <u>comprises</u> is a fusion protein comprising:
 - i) a region A composed of comprising a first polypeptide containing the EPCR amino acid sequence or a fragment thereof containing at least one epitope capable of being recognized by an anti-EPCR autoantibody; and
 - ii) a region B composed of comprising a second polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of use for isolating or purifying the mentioned fusion protein, and/or an amino acid sequence of use for anchoring the mentioned fusion protein to a solid support.

- 36. (Currently Amended) [[A]] <u>The</u> kit according to claim 35, in that wherein said region A is characterized by comprising comprises the amino acid sequence of the soluble part of human EPCR.
- 37. (Currently Amended) [[A]] <u>The</u> kit according to any of claims claim 35 or 36, characterised in that wherein said immobilizable polypeptide is a fusion protein comprising the amino acid sequence of the soluble part of human EPCR, the amino acid sequence corresponding to c-myc epitope and a tail of histidines (His-tag).
- 38. (Currently Amended) [[A]] <u>The</u> kit according to any of claims claim 35 to 37, characterised in that wherein said immobilizable polypeptide is a fusion protein with the sequence of amino acids shown in comprising SEQ ID NO: 3.